1	2	3	4	5
18	Mizoram	2,000	600	53,000
19	Nagaland	1,500	500	53,000
20	Arunachal Pr.	1,500	500	53,000
21	Meghalaya	1,500	500	53,000
22	Sikkim	1,500	500	53,000
23	Assam	1,500	500	53,000
24	Tripura	1,500	500	53,000
25	Punjab	2,500	10,500	35,000
26	Haryana	1,000	500	13,000
27	Madhya Pradesh	2,000	1,500	35,000
28	Bihar	2,500	1,500	33,000
29	Chhattisgarh	1,000	500	15,000
30	A & N Island	800	500	8,000
31	Daman & Diu	800	500	8,000
32	D & N Haveli	800	500	8,000
33	Chandigarh	800	500	8,000
34	Lakshadweep	800	500	8,000
35	Orissa	3,000	2,000	40,000

*Delhi procured its own stock.

Public spending on health

544. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the United Progressive Alliance (UPA) led Government in 2004-09 lagged behind in providing effective health care to the rural population in 18 States of the country when the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) had already started functioning from 2005;

(b) if so, in what manner, the new UPA Government proposes to raise public spending on health as promised from 0.9 per cent of GDP to 2.3 per cent of GDP by 2012;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) what steps Government have taken or propose to take in this regard till date?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) to (d) The Government has operationalised the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) since April, 2005 throughout the country with special focus on 18 states (including the eight erstwhile EAG states, North Eastern States, Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir). There are the states requiring additional support in view of relatively weak public health indicators and/or weak infrastructure.

Under the NRHM- Government envisages significant enhancement in budgetary allocation for the health sector, during the XI Plan. The states are also committed to enhancing their allocation for health sector by at least 10% every year in addition to contributing 15% of the NRHM allocation every year during the XI plan. These steps are in line with goal of the Government to increase the expenditure on health to 2% to 3% of GDP over the Mission period.

Rise in diabetic patients

†545. SHRI BHAGAT SINGH KOSHYARI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government is taking any effective measures to control the number of diabetic patients, which according to available data has increased upto four crores in the country;

(b) if so, whether any plan has been formulated by Government in this regard; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI GHULAM NABI AZAD): (a) to (c) The Government of India has earmarked a sum of Rs.1660.50 crore under the National Programme for Prevention and Control of Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPDCS).

Pilot projects have been launched in 10 districts to facilitate, among other things, health promotion and early detection of the disease through opportunistic screening.

Flexi pool funds are provided under the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) to the States for making available drugs for the treatment of diabetes as per laid down standards.

Vaccine and drugs for swine flu

546. DR. JANARDHAN WAGHMARE: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Swine Flu which suddenly surfaced and created panic and havoc in certain parts of the country compelled it to import drugs from the United States of America (USA);

(b) whether Government has started manufacturing the necessary vaccine and drugs of Swine Flu in the country; and

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.